

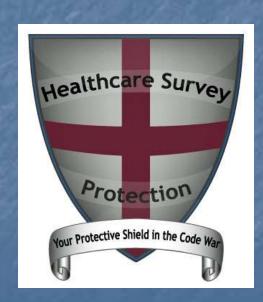
WISCONSIN HEALTHCARE ENGINEERING ASSOCIATION

Dedicated to Excellence in Healthcare Engineering

FIRE STOPPING

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Lauzon-LSC.com



AGENDA

- a. Why Fire Stopping Is Important
- **B.** Code References
- **C. Life Safety Plans**
- **D. Fire Stop Products**
- **E. Approved Design Installation Sheets**
- F. Installation Fundamentals
- **G.** Labeling
- **H. Penetration Management Program**
- I. Installer Qualifications
- J. Inspection Guidelines

You May
Type in
Questions at
any point in
the program



AGENDA

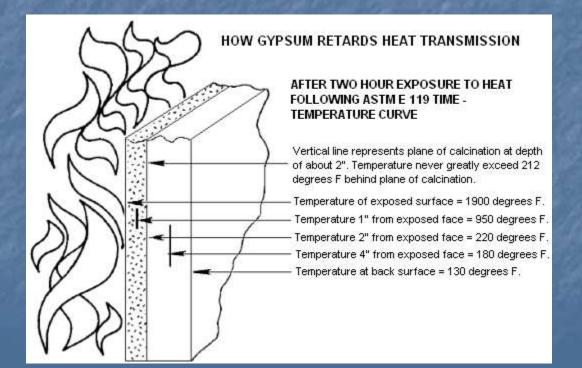
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Fire Safety is important in health care

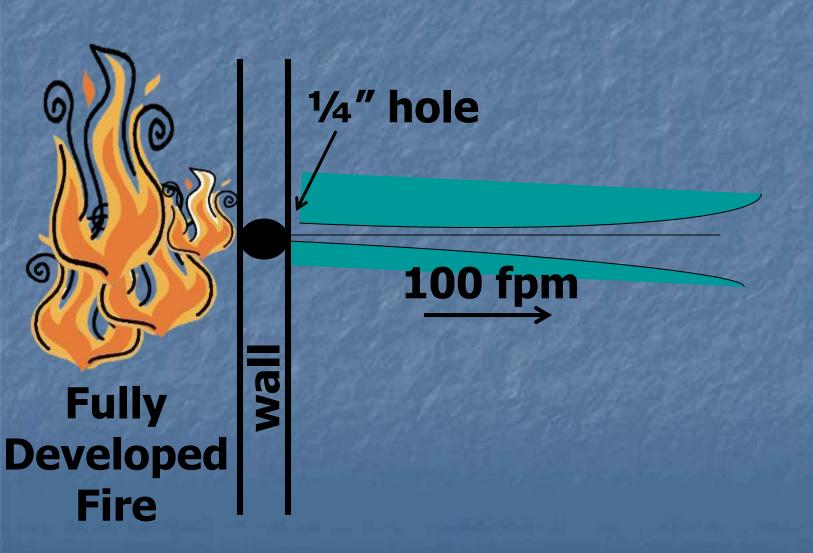
- Health Care "<u>Defends in Place"</u> rather than Evacuates in a Fire Emergency
 - The Safety of Patients Depends on the Quality of its Fire Resistive
 Construction

Fire Safety is important in health care



FIRE
STOPPING
protects the fire
resistance
ratings of walls,
floors & ceilings

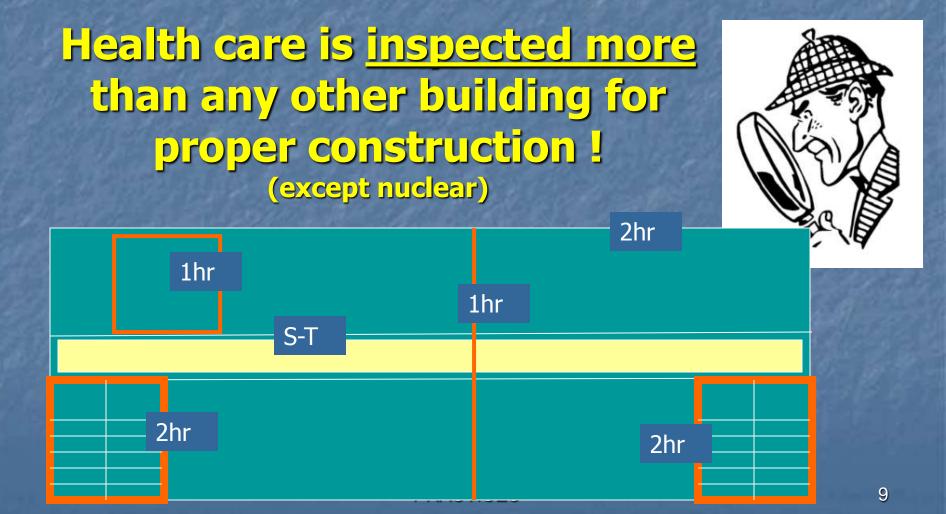
Even Little holes make a <u>BIG</u> difference in the spread of fire



FIRE STOPPING HELPS ... Keep fires in (from spreading)

- Hazardous Areas
- Shafts
- Floors
- ... Keep fires out (for exiting areas)
 - Stairs
 - Smoke Compartments

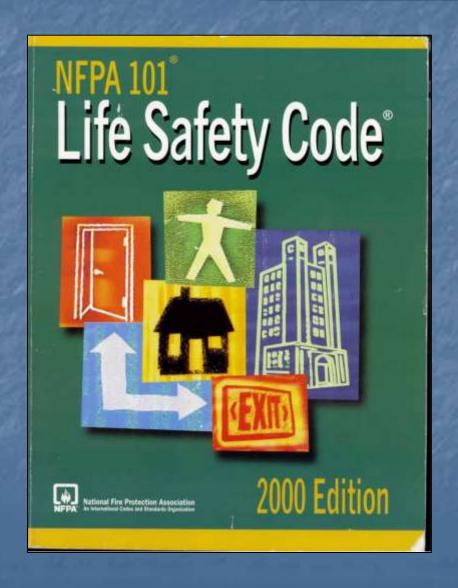
Fire Stopping is a frequent reason for citations

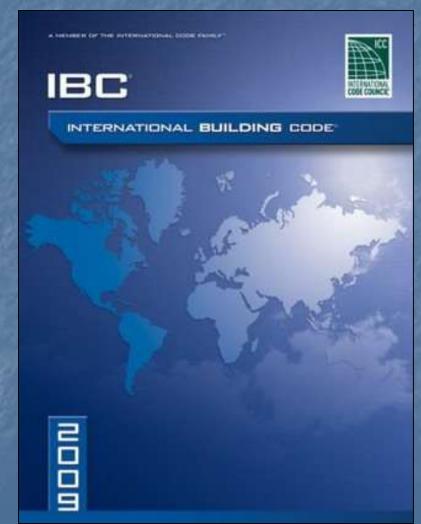


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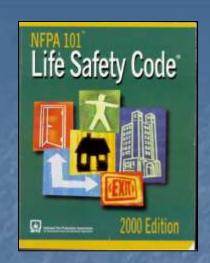
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CODE REFERENCES





3 LSC References



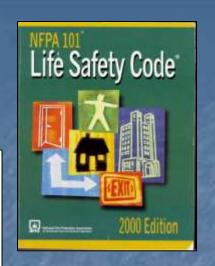
8.2.3.2.4 - FIRE BARRIERS (p.70)

8.2.4.4.1 - **SMOKE PARTITIONS** (p.71)

8.3.6.1 - **SMOKE BARRIERS** (p.73)

All pretty much say the same thing

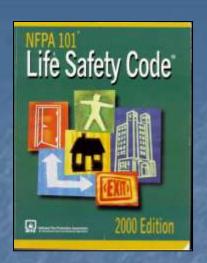
8.2.3.2.4.1* Openings for <u>DUCTS</u> or air movement shall be protected in accordance with 9.2.1





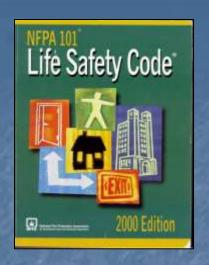
9.2.1 – Duct Openings must comply with NFPA 90A

8.2.3.2.4.2* PIPES, CONDUITS, bus ducts, cables, wires, air ducts, pneumatic tubes and ducts, and similar building service equipment that pass through fire barriers shall be protected as follows:



- (1) Space between the penetrating item and the fire barrier ...
- (2) Sleeve situation ...
- (3) Insulation and coverings for pipes and ducts ...
- (4) Vibration situations ...

8.2.3.2.4.2

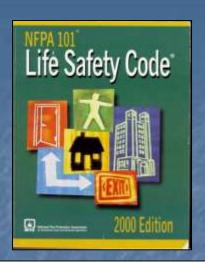


(1) <u>SPACE</u> between the penetrating item and the fire barrier shall meet one of the following conditions:



- a. ... filled with a material that is capable of maintaining the fire resistance of the fire barrier
- b. ... protected by an approved device that is designed for the specific purpose

8.2.3.2.4.2

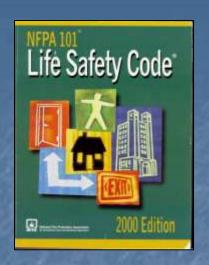


(2) Where the penetrating item uses a <u>SLEEVE</u> to penetrate the fire barrier, the sleeve shall be <u>solidly</u> <u>set</u> in the fire barrier, and the space between the item and the sleeve shall meet on of the following:



- a. ... filled with a material that is capable of maintaining the fire resistance of the fire barrier
- b. ... protected by an approved device that is designed for the specific purpose

8.2.3.2.4.2



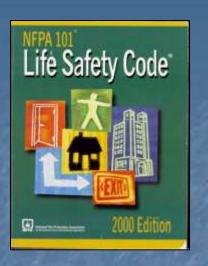
(3) <u>INSULATION AND COVERINGS</u> for pipes and ducts shall not pass through the fire barrier unless on of the following are met:



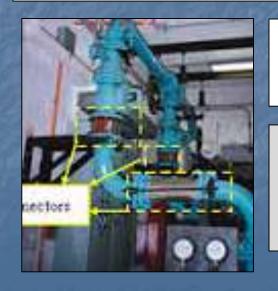
a. ... filled with a material that is capable of maintaining the fire resistance of the fire barrier

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8.2.3.2.4.2



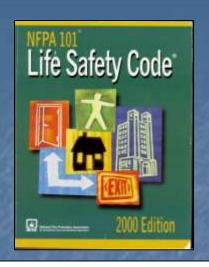
(4) Where designs that take <u>VIBRATION</u> into consideration, any vibration isolation shall meet one of the following conditions:



- a. Shall be made on either side of the barrier
- b. Shall be made by an approved device that is designed for the specific purpose

8.2.4.4.2 - Smoke Partitions

8.3.6.2 - Smoke Barriers & Floors



Where floors or smoke partitions/barriers meet the outside walls, other smoke partitions/barriers or fire barriers of a building shall meet one of the following conditions:



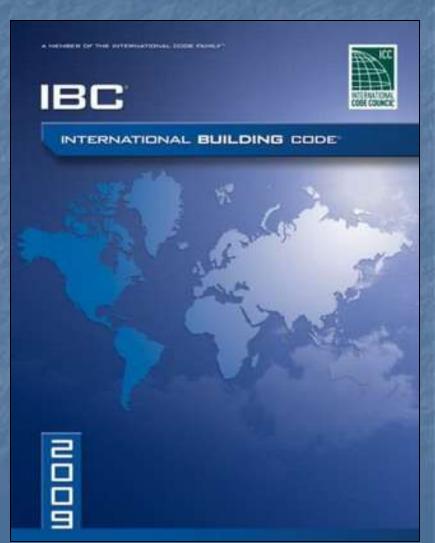
- a. ... filled with a material that is capable of maintaining the fire resistance of the fire barrier
- b. ... protected by an approved device that is designed for the specific purpose

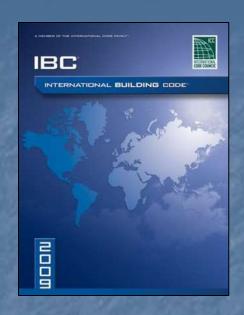
CODE REFERENCES

Wis Commercial Building Code

713 - PENETRATIONS

716 - DUCTS & AIR TRANSFER OPENINGS



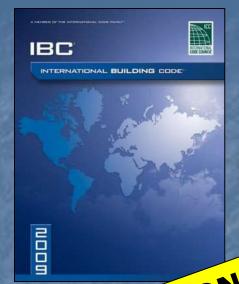


CODE REFERENCES - WALLS

713.3.1.1 – Through-wall penetrations shall be installed as tested in an approved fire-resistance-rated <u>ASSEMBLY</u>

OR

713.3.1.2 – Through-wall penetrations shall be protected by an approved penetration <u>FIRE STOP</u>
<u>SYSTEM</u> installed as tested in accordance with ASTM E814 or UL
1479 ... and shall have an F rating of not less than the required fire-resistance rating of the wall penetrated.



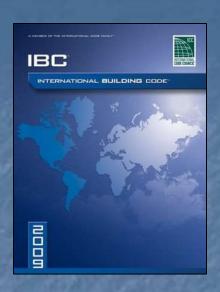
CODE REFERENCES - WALLS

713.3.1.1 – Through-wall

anco propesiconduits:

EXCEPTIONS FOR METAL PIPESICONDUITS: La single in concrete masonry Walls can be filled the full depth with concrete grout or mortar (max 6" dia, max 144 si hole) 2. Annular space may be filled with a material that passes ASTM E119 or UL 263 and shall have an F rating of resistance rating of the wall

penetrated.



CODE REFERENCES - WALLS

713.3.2 – MEMBRANE PENETRATIONS shall comply with the through penetration requirements. Recessed fixtures shall not reduce the required fire-resistance rating of the wall.





EXCEPTIONS FOR MEMBRANE PENETRATIONS:

1. Steel electrical boxes

- max total 100 si per 100 sf area max 16 si per box

 - Special rules for boxes on opposites side of wall max 1/8" gap around box 2. Listed electrical boxes of any material

 - Installed per listing instructions
 - 3. Electrical boxes in a listed opening system Annular space filled with approved membrane fire stop

 - 4. Non-Electrical boxes system with F & T ratings of the wall
 - Covered with a metal escutcheon plate
 - 5. Sprinkler Pipes



CODE REFERENCES - FLOORS

713.4.1.1.1 — Floor penetrations shall be installed as tested in an approved fire-resistance-rated assembly.

OR

713.4.1.1.2 – Floor penetrations shall be protected by an approved penetration <u>FIRE STOP SYSTEM</u> installed as tested in accordance with ASTM E814 or UL 1479 ... and shall have an F/T rating of not less than the required fire-resistance rating of the floor (min 1 hr).



CODE REFERENCES - FLOORS

esist pesiconduits:

EXCEPTIONS FOR METAL PIPESICON PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O shall ved

Annular space in a single concrete floor can be filled the full depth with concrete grout or mortar (max 6" dia, max 144 si hole) 2. Annular space may be filled with a material

that passes ASTM E119 or UL 263 ... and 3. Listed electrical boxes ang of not less

the floor (min 1 hr).



CODE REFERENCES - FLOORS

713.4.1.2 – <u>MEMBRANE PENETRATIONS</u> shall comply with the through penetration requirements. Recessed fixtures shall not reduce the required fire-resistance rating of the assembly

Rated Floor-Ceiling Assembly

Thru ceiling



EXCEPTIONS FOR MEMBRANE PENETRATIONS:

ONS

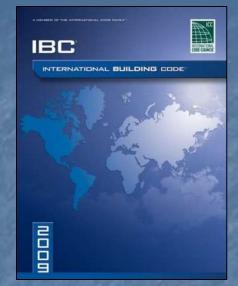
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Thru ceiling





CODE REFERENCES - DUCTS

713.1.1 (wall) & 713.4.1.3 (floor):

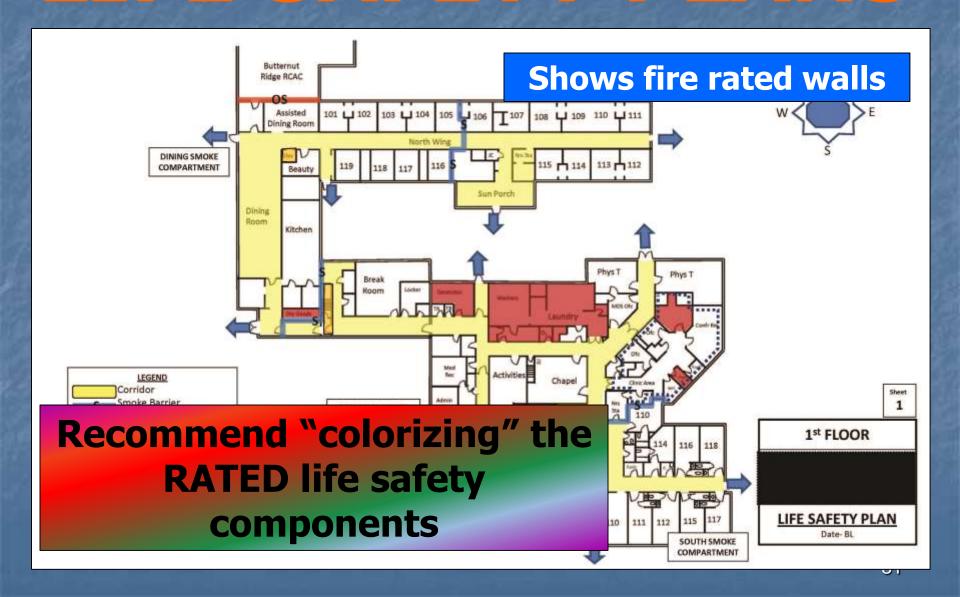
- Wall <u>DUCTS WITHOUT DAMPERS</u> shall follow the wall penetration rules
- Floor ducts without dampers (if permitted by exception 4 of section 708.2) shall follow the floor penetration rules
- Duct penetrations protected by dampers shall comply with section 716

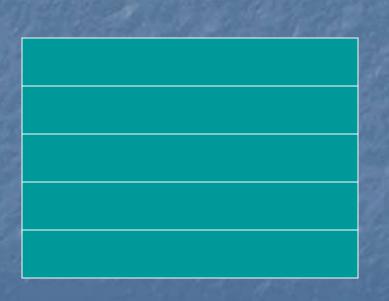
Damper requirements are beyond the scope of this webinar

AGENDA

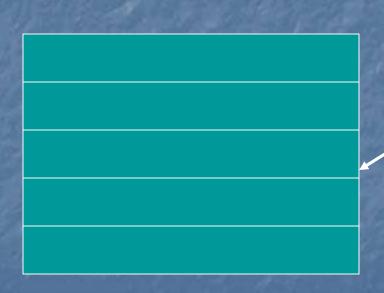
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LIFE SAFETY PLANS



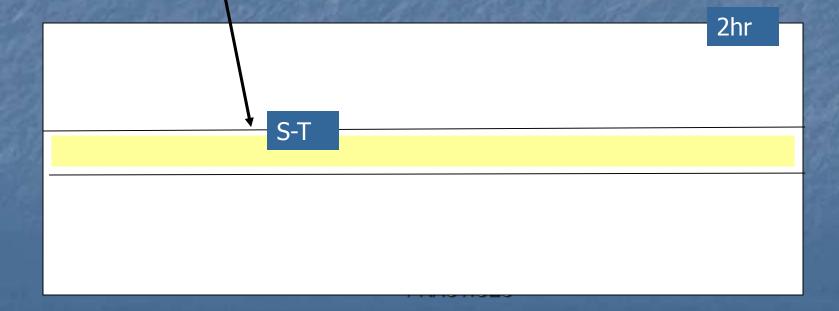


Health care occupancies are **built** with a combination of "boxes" or compartments ... whose job is to slow down the spread of fire & smoke

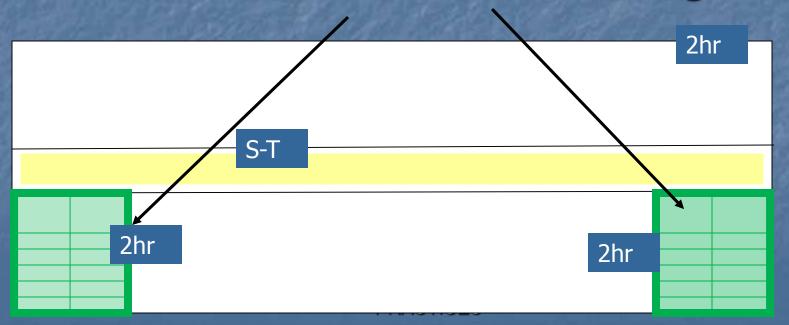


Each <u>Floor</u> has a 2-hr Fire Resistance Rating

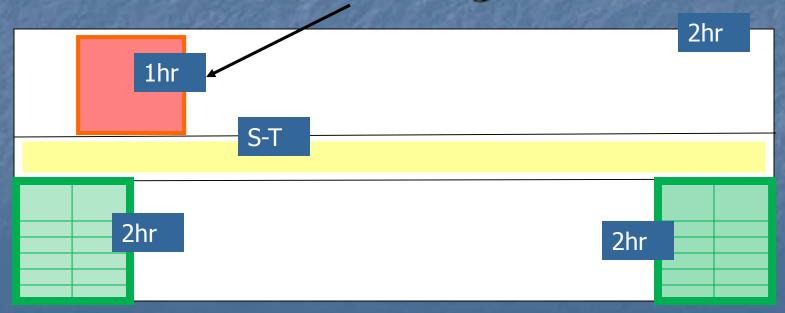
Corridors are separated from rooms by "smoke-tight" walls & ceilings



Stairwells are surrounded by walls with 2-hour fire resistive ratings

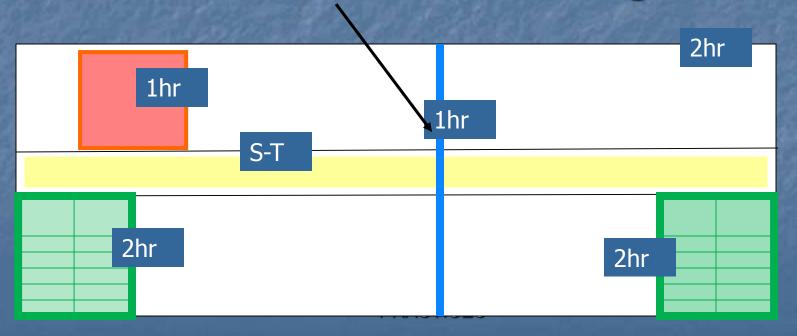


Rooms with significant <u>combustibles</u> are surrounded by walls with 1-hour fire resistive ratings

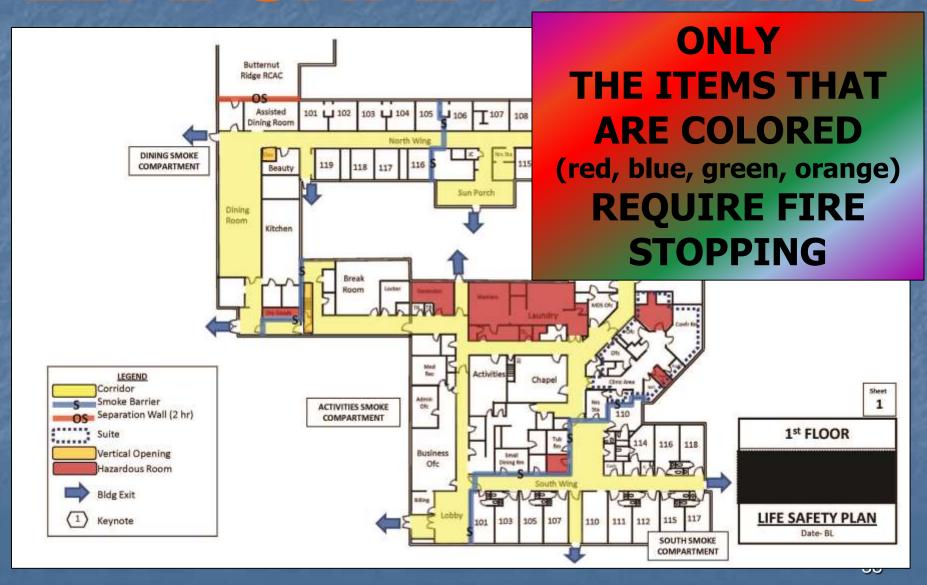


FRR are for 4 story example

Each Floor is divided by <u>Smoke Barrier Walls</u> into compartments which have walls with 1-hour fire resistive ratings



LIFE SAFETY PLANS



Fire Stopping

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MANY MANUFACTURERS

- 3 M
- Hilti
- Specified Tech
- Tremco
- others

All are generally good.

Difference is the COST & SUPPORT

TYPES OF PRODUCTS

SEALANTS
 DEVICES



1. SEALANTS

INTUMESCENT



"expands 10-fold when heated"



1. SEALANTS

INTUMESCENT

- Tube
- Wrap Strips
- Pillow/Blocks
- Putty
- Putty Pads
- Plugs
- Foam*





CMS (Region V) Has instructed **DQA** that it's research has **NOT** found any foam to be acceptable

1. SEALANTS

INTUMESCENT

- Tube
- Wrap Strips
- Pillow/Blocks
- Putty
- Putty Pads
- Plugs
- Foam*

ELASTOMERIC

- Tube
- Spray

MORTAR

- Trowel-On
- Pourable

2. DEVICES

INTUMESCENT

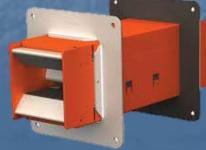
ELASTOMERIC

Cast-In Devices

- Collars
- Cable Pathways
- More & More being Developed







Fire Stopping

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Fire Stop Installation

UL DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS

Mfgrs submit products for testing under UL 1479 to verify they provide the required fire resistance rating.

Fire Stop Testing

UL Test Procedures





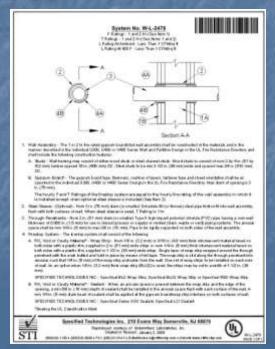


Fire Stop Installation

UL DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS

All Fire Stop seals must be installed the same way they were tested

The written UL tested installation specification DOCUMENTS the requirements for installation



Fire Stop

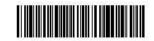
UL DESIGN

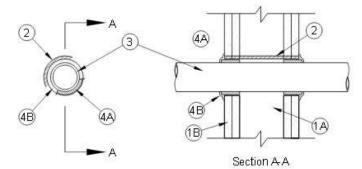
All Fire Stop seal same way they

The written UL to installation specification specification

System No. W-L-2478

F Ratings - 1 and 2 Hr (See Item 1) T Ratings - 1 and 2 Hr (See Items 1 and 2) L Rating At Ambient - Less Than 1 CFM/sq ft L Rating At 400 F - Less Than 1 CFM/sq ft





- 1. Wall Assembly The 1 or 2 hr fire-rated gypsum board/stud wall assembly shall be constructed of the materials and in the manner described in the individual U300, U400 or V400 Series Wall and Partition Design in the UL Fire Resistance Directory and shall include the following construction features:
 - A. Studs Wall framing may consist of either wood studs or steel channel studs. Wood studs to consist of nom 2 by 4in. (51 by 102 mm) lumber spaced 16 in. (406 mm) DC. Steel studs to be min 3-1/2 in. (89 mm) wide and spaced max 24 in. (610 mm) DC.
 - B. Gypsum Board* The gypsum board type, thickness, number of layers, fastener type and sheet orientation shall be as specified in the individual U300, U400 or V400 Series Design in the UL Fire Resistance Directory. Max diam of opening is 3 in. (76 mm).

The hourly Fland TiRatings of the firestop system are equal to the hourly fire rating of the wall assembly in which it is installed except when optional steel sleeve is included (See Item 2).

- Steel Sleeve (Optional) Nom 3 in. (76 mm) diam (or smaller) Schedule 40 (or thinner) steel pipe friction-fit into wall assembly, flush with both surfaces of wall. When steel sleeve is used, T Rating is 1 hr.
- Through Penetrants Nom 2 in. (51 mm) diam (or smaller) Type II high impact polyvinyl chloride (PVC) pipe having a nom wall
 thickness of 0.060 in. (1.6 mm) for use in closed (process or supply) or vented (drain, waste or vent) piping systems. The annular
 space shall be min 1/4 in. (6 mm) to max 3.8 in. (10 mm). Pipe to be rigidly supported on both sides of the wall assembly.
- 4. Firestop System The firestop system shall consist of the following:
 - A. Fill, Void or Cavity Material* Wrap Strip Nom 1/8 in. (3.2 mm) or 3/16 in. (4.8 mm) thick intumescent material faced on both sides with a plastic film, supplied in 2 in. (5.1 mm) wide strips or nom 1/4 in. (6 mm) thick intumescent material faced on both sides with a plastic film, supplied in 1-1/2 in. (38 mm) wide strips. Single layer of wrap strip wrapped around the through penetrant with the ends butted and held in place by means of foil tape. The wrap strip is sid along the through penetrant into annulus such that 1/4 in. (6 mm) of the wrap strip protrudes from the wall. One set of wrap strips to be installed on each side of wall. As an option when 1/8 in. (3.2 mm) thick wrap strip (BLU2) is used, the strips may be out to a width of 1-1/2 in. (38 mm).

SPECIFIED TECHNOLOGIES INC - SpecSeal BLU Wrap Strip, SpecSeal BLU2 Wrap Strip or SpecSeal RED Wrap Strip

B. Fill, Void or Cavity Material* - Sealant - When an annular space is present between the wrap strip and the edge of the opening, a min 5/8 in. (16 mm) depth of sealant shall be installed in the annular space flush with each surface of the wall. A min 1/4 in. (6 mm) diam bead of sealant shall be applied at the gypsum board/wrap strip interface on both surfaces of wall. SPECIFIED TECHNOLOGIES INC - SpecSeal Series SSS Sealant, SpecSeal LCI Sealant.

*Bearing the UL Classification Mark



Specified Technologies Inc. 210 Evans Way Somerville, NJ 08876

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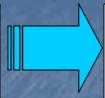
W-L-2478 PAGE 1 OF 1

Fire Stop Designs

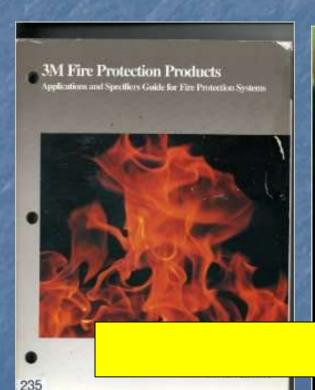
APPROVED INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

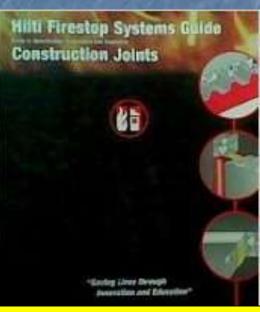


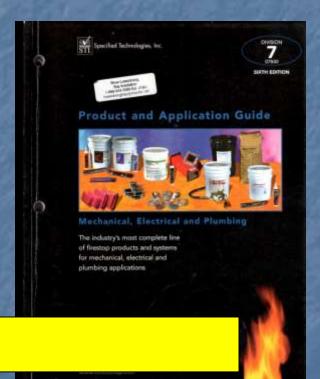
UL DESIGN SPECIFICATION



Sealant Mfgr Application Manuals







Get a Copy!

On-Line Application Manuals

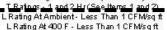


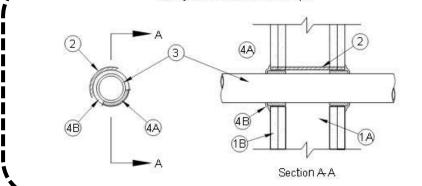
PRINT-OUT
A hard copy of all UL Designs

Inspectors will
NOT accept
On-Line
documentation
unless it is
immediately
available

System No. W-L-2478

F Raings - 1 and 2 Hr (See Item 1)





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The hourly Fand T Ratings of the firestop system are equal to the hourly fire rating of the wall assembly in which it is installed except when optional steel sleeve is included (See Item 2).

- Steel Sleeve (Optional) Nom 3 in. (76 mm) diam (or smaller) Schedule 40 (or thinner) steel pipe friction-fit into wall assembly, flush with both surfaces of wall. When steel sleeve is used, T Rating is 1 hr.
- Through Penetrants Nom 2 in. (51 mm) diam (or smaller) Type II high impact polyvinyl chloride (PVC) pipe having a nom wall
 thickness of 0.060 in. (1.6 mm) for use in closed (process or supply) or vented (drain, waste or vent) piping systems. The annular
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SPECIFIED TECHNOLOGIES INC - SpecSeal BLU Wrap Strip, SpecSeal BLU2 Wrap Strip or SpecSeal RED Wrap Strip

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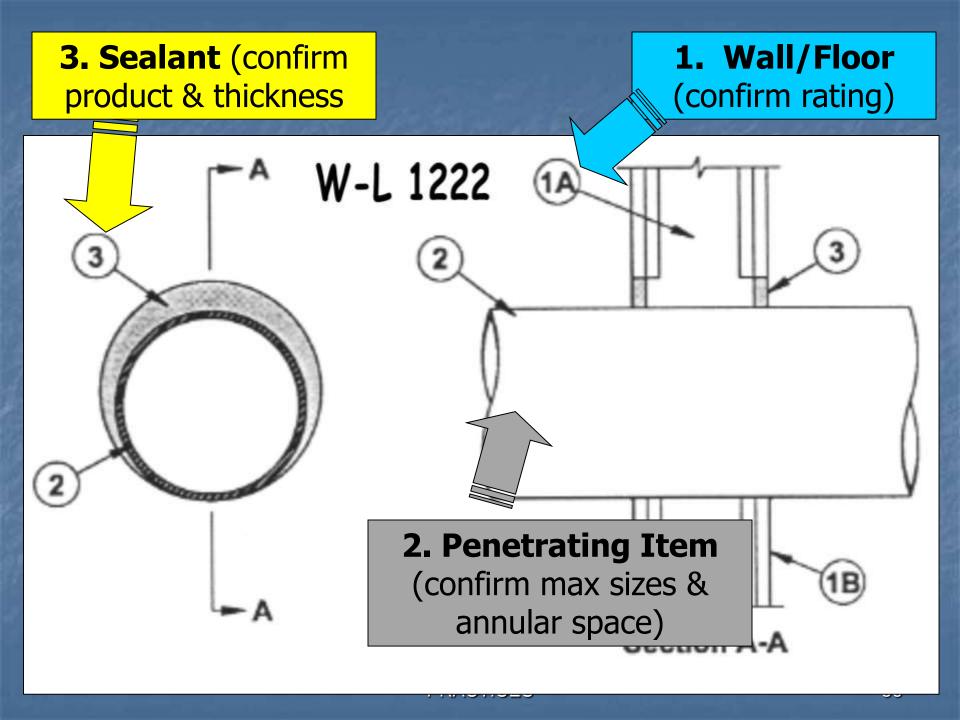
*Bearing the UL Classification Mark

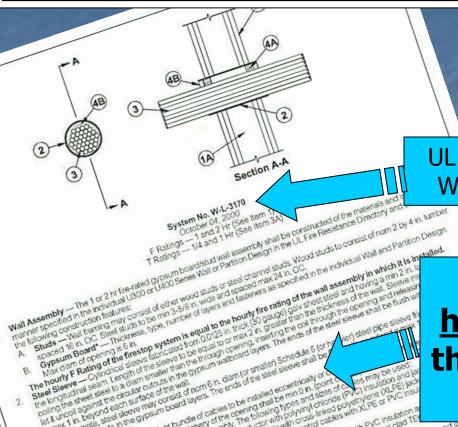


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a max 1 in. beyond each surface of the wall.

As an alternate, steel sleeve may consist of none in. diam for smaller) Schedule 5 (or he has a nationale, steel sleeve shall be a not circular curous in the gypsum board layers. The ends of the steel sleeve shall be an oricular curous in the gypsum board layers. The ends of the steel sleeve shall be a not circular curous in the gypsum board layers.

bles — Max 4-1/2 in. diam North bundle of cables to be installed eccentrically or of the specific process of the wall assembly. The following types and sizes and the periphery of the opening shall be min 0 in. (point process) and the periphery of the opening shall be min 0 in. (point process) and the periphery of the opening shall be installed by the periphery of the periphery

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Through Penetrating Product — As an alternate to the cables (Item 3), max 4-1/2 in.

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penetrating products and periphery of opening to be min 0 in. (point of opening to be min 0 in. (point of opening to be min 0 in. (point of opening to be min 0 in.) (point of opening to openi (or smaller) alluminum or steel Armored Cable+ or Metal Clad.

(or smaller) alluminum or steel Armored Cable+ or Metal Clad.

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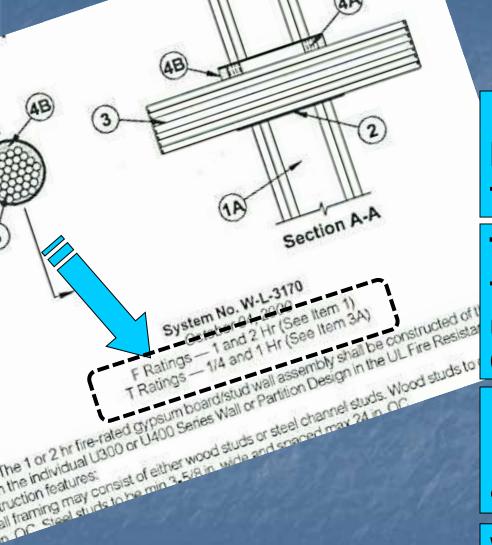
the following construction features:

Read the entire UL spec sheet.

UL System WL-3170

Describes the limits of how many penetrants go through the opening, max opening size, etc

Describes how-to make the proper seal using packing & sealant and if tooling is needed



RATINGS

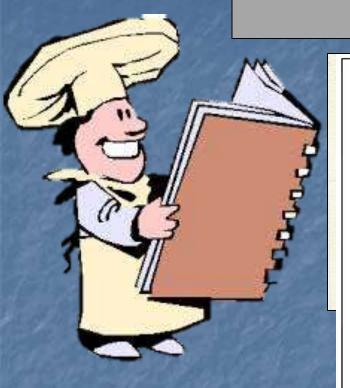
F – Time that assembly has been tested to resist the penetration of fire

T – Time for temperature to reach 325°F on unexposed side of system (measure of thermal conductivity)

L – Measure of smoke leakage at a std pressure & air flow

W – Measure of water proofness

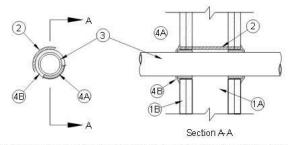
Similar to a Cooking Recipe



IF YOU WANT THE TO TURN OUT, YO TO FOLLOW THE



F Ratings - 1 and 2 Hr (See Item 1)
T Ratings - 1 and 2 Hr (See Items 1 and 2)
L Rating At Ambient - Less Than 1 CFM/sq ft
L Rating At 400 F - Less Than 1 CFM/sq ft



- Wall Assembly: The 1 or 2 hr fire-rated gypsum board/stud wall assembly shall be constructed of the materials and in the
 manner described in the individual US00, U400 or V400 Series Wall and Partition Design in the UL Fire Resistance Directory and
 shall include the following construction features:
- A. Studs Wallframing may consist of either wood studs or steel channel studs. Wood studs to consist of nom 2 by 4 in. (51 by 102 mm) lumber spaced 16 in. (406 mm) OC. Steel studs to be min 3-1/2 in. (89 mm) wide and spaced max 24 in. (810 mm) OC.
- B. Gypsum Board* The gypsum board type, thickness, number of layers, fastener type and sheet orientation shall be as specified in the individual U300, U400 or V400 Series Design in the UL Fire Resistance Directory. Max diam of opening is 3 in. (78 mm).
 - The hourly Fland T Ratings of the firestop system are equal to the hourly fire rating of the wall assembly in which it is installed except when optional steel sleeve is included (See Item 2).
- Steel Sleeve (Optional) Nom 3 in. (76 mm) diam (or smaller) Schedule 40 (or thinner) steel pipe friction fit into wall assembly, flush with both surfaces of wall. When steel sleeve is used. T Rating is 1 hr.
- Through Penatrants Nom 2 in. (51 mm) diam (or smaller) Type II high impact potyvinyl chloride (PVC) pipe having a nom wall
 thickness of 0.000 in. (1.6 mm) for use in lose of (process or supply) or vented (drain, waste or vent) piping systems. The annular
 space shall be min 1/4/in. (6 mm) to max/38 in. (10 mm). Pipe to be fig dly supported on both sides of the wall assembly.
- 4. Firestop System The frestop system shall consist of the following:
 - A. Fill, Void or Cavity Material* Wrap Strip Nom 1/8 in. (3.2 mm) or 3/16 in. (4.8 mm) thick intumes cent material faced on both sides with a plastic film, supplied in 2 in. (51 mm) wide strips or nom 1/4 in. (6 mm) thick intumes cent material faced on both sides with a plastic film, supplied in 1-1/2 in. (38 mm) wide strips. Single layer of wrap strip wrapped around the through penetrant with the ends butted and held in place by means of foil tape. The wrap strip is sid along the through penetrantinto annulus such that 1/4 in. (6 mm) of the wrap strip protrudes from the wall. One set of wrap strips to be installed on each side of wall. As an option when 1/8 in. (3.2 mm) thick wrap strip (BLU2) is used, the strips may be cut to a width of 1-1/2 in. (38 mm)
 - SPECIFIED TECHNOLOGIES INC SpecSeal BLU Wrap Strip, SpecSeal BLU2 Wrap Strip or SpecSeal RED Wrap Strip
 - B. Fill, Void or Cavity Material* Sealant When an annular space is present between the wrap strip and the edge of the opening, a min 5/8 in. (16 mm) depth of sealant shall be installed in the annular space flush with each surface of the wall. A min 1/4 in. (6 mm) diam bead of sealant shall be applied at the gypsum board/wrap strip interface on both surfaces of wall.

SPECIFIED TECHNOLOGIES INC - SpecSeal Series SSS Sealant, SpecSeal LCI Sealant

*Bearing the UL Classification Mark

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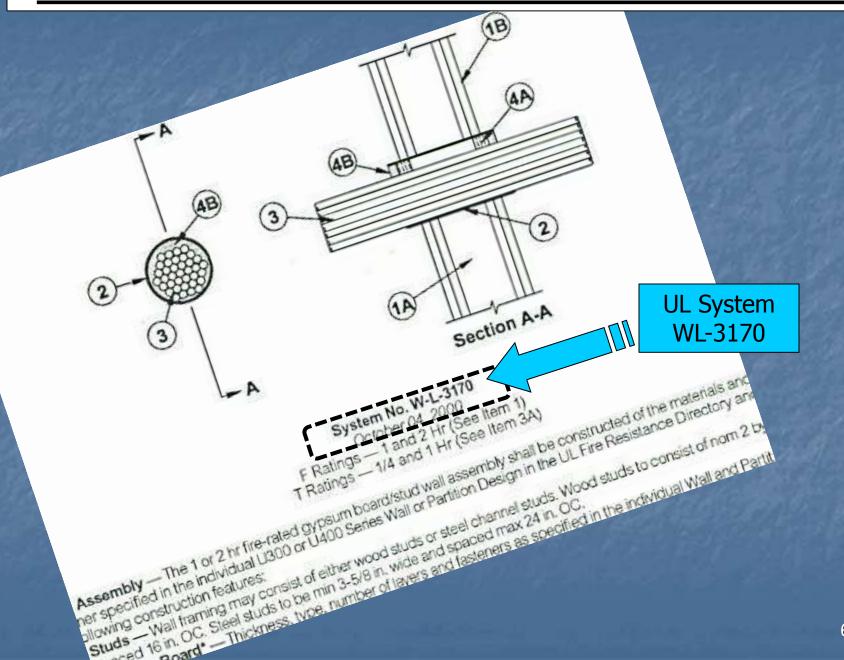
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nsils redients thod





1st LETTER

Rated Surface

 $\underline{\mathbf{W}} = \mathbf{Wall} \quad \underline{\mathbf{F}} = \mathbf{Floor}$

C = Combined Floor or Wall

2nd LETTER

Surface Characteristics

 $\underline{\mathbf{A}}$ = Concrete Floor ≤ 5 " Thick

 $\underline{\mathbf{B}}$ = Concrete Floor > 5" Thick

C = Framed Floors

D = Deck Construction

J = Concrete/Masonry Wall ✓= 8" Thick

K = Concrete/Masonry Wall> 8" Thick

L = Framed Walls

M = Bulkheads

(E-I, N-Z = Reserved for Future Use)

UL

System

-WL-

3170

NUMBERS



Penetrating Item

1000's = Metal Pipe, Conduit, Tubing

2000's = Non-Metal Pipe, Conduit, Tubing

3000's = Cable

4000's = Cable Trax

5000's = Insulated Pipes

6000's = Misc Electrical & Mechanical

7000's = Duct

8000's = Multiple Items

UL System WL-3170

The system must match the situation

```
CAJ-5138 = Concrete floor/wall with an Insulated Pipe

(W)-3090 = Concrete (wall) with Cables 1<sup>st</sup> Letter

CAJ-2292 = Concrete floor/wall with a Plastic Pipe

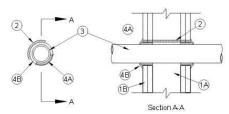
2<sup>nd</sup> Letter

WL-5121 = Drywall wall with an Insulated Pipe

WL-7061 = Drywall wall with a Duct Numbers
```

One system is **NOT** applicable for all situations

System No. W-L-2478
F Ratings - 1 and 2 Hr (See Item 1)
T Ratings - 1 and 2 Hr (See Items 1 and 2)
L Rating At Ambient - Less Than 1 CFM/sq ft
L Rating At 400 F - Less Than 1 CFM/sq ft



- Wall Assembly The 1 or 2 hr fire-rated gypsum board/stud wall assembly shall be constructed of the materials and in the manner described in the individual USOD, 1400 or 14/00 Series Wall and Partition Design in the UL Fire Resistance Directory and shall include the following onest uction the adures:
- A. Studs Wall framing may consist of either wood studs or steel channel studs. Wood studs to consist of nom 2 by 4 in. (51 by 102 mm) lumber spaced 16 in. (406 mm) OC. Steel studs to be min 3-1/2 in. (89 mm) wide and spaced max 24 in. (610 mm) OC.
- B. Gypsum Board* The gypsum board type, thickness, number of layers, fastener type and sheet orientation shall be as specified in the individual U300, U400 or V400 Series Design in the UL Fire Resistance Directory. Max diam of opening is 3 in 178 min.

The hourly F and T Ratings of the firestop system are equal to the hourly fire rating of the wall assembly in which it is installed except when optional steel sleeve is included (See Item 2).

- Steel Sleeve (Optional) Nom 3 in. (76 mm) diam (or smaller) Schedule 40 (or thinner) steel pipe friction-fit into wall assembly, flush with both surfaces of wall. When steel sleeve is used. T Rating is 1 hr.
- Through Penetrants- Nom 2 in. (61 mm) diam (or smaller) Type II high impact polyvinyl chloride (PVC) pipe having a nom wall
 thickness of 0.000 in. (1.6 mm) for use in olose do not oness or supply) or vented (drain, waste or vent) piping systems. The annular
 space shall be min 144-in. (6 mm) to max-38 in. (10 mm), Pipe to be itig dily supported on both sides of the wall assembly.
- 4. Firestop System The firestop system shall consist of the following:
- A. Fill, Void or Cavity Material* Wrap Srip Nom 18 in, (32 mm) or 3/16 in, (48 mm) thick intumes cent material stated on both sides with a plastic tilm, supplied in 2 in, (51 mm) wide stips or nom 1/4 in. (5 mm) thick intumes cent material staced on both sides with a plastic tilm, supplied in 1-12 in. (38 mm) wide stips. Single layer of wrap stip wrapped around the through penetrant with the ends butted and held in place by means of foil tape. The wrap stip is slid along the through penetrant into annulus south that 1/4 in. (6 mm) of the wrap stip produced from the wall. Dies at of wrap stips to be installed on each decided of wall. As an option when 1/8 in. (32 mm) thick wrap stip (8 LUZ) is used, the stips may be out to a width of 1-1/2 in. (38 mm).

SPECIFIED TECHNOLOGIES INC - SpecSeal BLU Wrap Strip, SpecSeal BLU2 Wrap Strip or SpecSeal RED Wrap Strip

B. Fill, Void or Cavity Material* - Sealant - When an annular space is present between the wap strip and the edge of the opening, a min 68 in. (16 mm) depth of sealant shall be installed in the annular space flush with each surface of the wall. A min 14 in. (6 mm) d am bead of sealant shall be applied at the gypsum board/wap strip interface on both surfaces of wall. SPECIFIED TECHNOLOGIES INC - SpecSeal Series SSS Sealant, SpecSeal LCI Sealant

*Bearing the UL Classification Mark



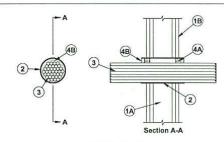
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System No. W-L-3170
October 04, 2000
F Ratings — 1 and 2 Hr (See Item 1)
T Ratings — 1/4 and 1 Hr (See Item 3A)

- Wall Assembly The 1 or 2 hr fire-rated gypsum board/stud well assembly shall be constructed of the materials and in the manner specified in the individual U300 or U400 Senes Wall or Partition Design in the UL Fire Resistance Directory and shall include the following construction features:
- A. Studs Wall framing may consist of either wood studs or steel channel studs. Wood studs to consist of nom 2 by 4 in. lumber spaced 16 in. DC. Steel studs to be min 3-5/8 in. wide and spaced max 24 in. DC.
 Gunsum Board! This frames to use number of leaves and featurers as specified in the individual Wall and Partition Design.
- Gypsum Board* Thickness, type, number of layers and fasteners as specified in the individual Wall and Partition Design Max diam of opening is 6 in.
- The hourly F Rating of the firestop system is equal to the hourly fire rating of the wall assembly in which it is installed.

 2. Steel Sleeve Cylinatina sleeve storacted from 0.0125 in thick (30 gauge) gails viset steel and having a min 2 in, lips along the longitudinal seem. Length of the sleeve to be equal to or max 2 in, greater than the thickness of the wall. Sleeve installed by coiling the sheet steel is a diam smaller than the through opening, inserting the coil through the opening and releasing the coil to set when the circular actuals in the opyneum valiborat layers. The endos of the steel sleeve shall be flush with or extend a max 1 in, beyond each surface of the wall. As an alternate, steel sleeve may consist of nom 6 in, dam (or smaller) Schedule 5 (or heavier) steel pipe sleeve friction-fitted

into circular cutouts in the gypsum board layers. The ends of the steel sleeve shall be flush with or extend a max 1 in, beyond each surface of the wall.

- Cables Max 4.1/2 in, diam tight bundle of cables to be installed eccentrically or concentrically within the opening. The annular
 space between the cables and the periphery of the opening shall be min 0 in, (point contact) to max 1-1/2 in. Cable bundle to be
 rigidly supported on both sides of the wall assembly. The following types and sizes of cables may be used:
- Max 200 pair No. 24 AWG (or smaller) copper conductor with polyvinyl chloride (PVC) insulation and jacketing material.
 Max 1/C No. 350 kcmil (or smaller) copper conductor cable with cross-linked polyethylene (XLPE) jacket.
- C. Max 7/C No. 12 AWG (or smaller) copper conductor power and control cables with XLPE or PVC insulation with XLPE or PVC jacket.
- Max 3/C No. 2/0 AWS (or smaller) copper or aluminum conductor SER cables with PVC insulation and jacket.
 Max 3/C No. 2/0 AWS (or smaller) copper or aluminum conductor SER cables with PVC insulation and jacket.
 Max 3/C No. 2/0 AWS (or smaller) copper or aluminum conductor SER cables with PVC insulation and jacket.
- E. Max 3/C No. 2/0 AWG (or smaller) copper conductor PVC jacketed aluminum clad or steel clad TEK cable.
 F. Max 110/125 fiber optic (F.O.) cable with PVC insulation and jacket.
- G. Max 3/C with ground No. 8 AWG (or smaller) copper conductor NM cable (Romex) with PVC insulation and jacket.
- Max RG/U coaxial cable with fluorinated ethylene insulation and jacket.
 Max RG/U coaxial cable with fluorinated ethylene insulation and jacket.
 Max 4 pair No. 24 AWG (or smaller) copper conductor data cable with Hylar jacket and insulation.
- Max 4 pair No. 24 M/Ns (of smaller) copper conductor data cable with Hyari glosset and insulation.
 Through Penetrating Product As an atternate to the cables (tiem 3), mast 4-1/2 in, daming thourde of max 4/C No. 2/0 AWG (or smaller) aluminum or steal Armored Cable+ or Metal Clad Cable+ installed within the opening. Annular space between through-penetrating products and peripher of pening to be min or it, point contactly to max 1-1/2 in. Through penetrating product rigidly
- to strately administrated acceptance of the control of the control
- Firestop System The firestop system shall consist of the following:
- A Packing Material Min 1 in: thickness of 4 pcf mineral wool batt insulation compressed and tightly packed into each end of seeve. Recess packing material as required to accommodate fill material (tiem 49).

 Fill, Void or Cavity Material Sealant Min 1/2 in: thickness of fill material applied within annulus, flush with each end
- B. Fill, Void or Cavity Material" Sealant Min 1/2 in, thickness of fill material applied within annulus, flush with each end of steel seeve. At point contact location, min 1/4 in, dam bead of fill material applied at cable bundle/steel sleeve interface on both sides of wall.

Engineering Judgments

Frequently there are unique situations that do not fit one of the UL Tested systems

Most Sealant Mfgrs will evaluate the situation and recommend a solution based on knowledge of their various tested systems

... this is an "Engineering Judgement" (EJ)

Inspectors DON'T always accept EJ's

Best to have a Wis registered Architect/Engr to stamp & seal their acceptance of an EJ

Fire Stopping

AGENDA

- A. Why Fire Stopping Is Important
- **B.** Code References
- **C. Life Safety Plans**
- **D. Fire Stop Products**
- **E.** Approved Design Installation Sheets
- **F. Installation Fundamentals**
- **G.** Labeling
- H. Penetration Management Program
- I. Installer Qualifications
 - J. Inspection Guidelines

FIRE STOPPING - GENERAL

[LSC 8.2.3.2.4; 8.3.6]

<u>All</u> penetrations through <u>rated</u> walls and floors must be sealed according to a UL (other listing agency) tested design. Typically, <u>both</u> sides of walls and the top side of floors must be stopped.

FOLLOW THE "RECIPE":

Always use the <u>UL Design</u> from the product vender for the precise method for each fire stop seal! Do NOT use the instructions on the tube!

ENGINEERING JUDGEMENT

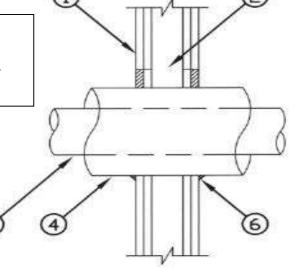
If you can't find an EXACT match for your actual situation, your product supplier may be able to provide their educated opinion of how to adequately fire stop. However, many AHJ's will require a WI registered arch or professional engineer to stamp & sign the EJ.

1 & 2: RATED COMPONENTS

Show & describes the construction features of the floor or wall that the penetration is passing through.

3 & 4: PENETRANTING ITEM

Shows & describes in detail the items that penetrate the Rated Component



RESTRICTIONS

Describes the

- maximum size of hole in the wall/floor and
- the minimum and maximum amount of annular gap

BEST PRACTICE:

Place an adhesive label to identify the important information by EACH fire stop penetrations, including

- 1). UL Design Used, 2). Brand & Produce Model Used,
- 3). Name of Installer & Company, 4). Date Installed

6: REQUIRED SEALANT

Describes

- the brand & model of fire stop product to use
- · the thickness of the product, and
- · the locations where it must be applied.

52

FIRE STOP-Plastic/Insulated Pipe

KEY CHECKS FOR PLASTIC or INSULATED PIPE

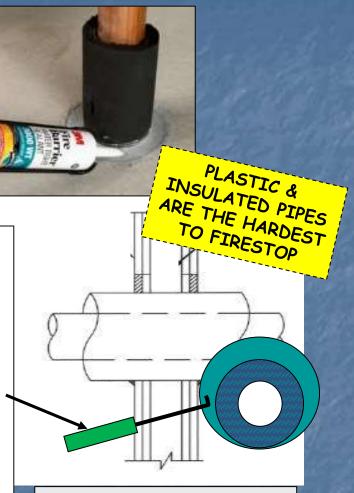
Fire stop material must

- · Completely encircle the pipe (top is hardest)
- · Must be <u>IN</u> wall between wall & penetrant
- Must Have an annular space on all sides of the pipe (the size depends on UL Design)
- Fill the annular space the thickness required by the UL Design (typically thickness of the GWB

Inspector may use a "PICK" tool to test for the size & location of the annular ring and the thickness of the fire stop sealant.

- 1. Poke around the perimeter of the hole to confirm that there is an annular gap
- 2. Work the "Pick" through the fire stop material until it is on the other side.
- 3. Rotate the "Pick" so it lines up with the annual gap and pull it outward until it hits against the "inside" of the fire stop material.
- 4. Place your thumb and index finger on the shaft of the "Pick" up against the exposed side of the fire stop product.
- 5. Without moving your fingers on the shaft, work the "Pick" out of the fire stop and look at the distance between the hood end of the "Pick" and your fingers. This is the approx thickness of the fire stop. It must approx match the thickness shown on the UL design.
- 6. If the thickness is not with 1/8" of the required thickness the fire stop should be rejected and repaired.

Check a significant quantity of seals by each vender until they have proven the ability to install acceptable seals, rep 2013, unauthorized duplication is prohibited



INTUMESCENT SEALANT

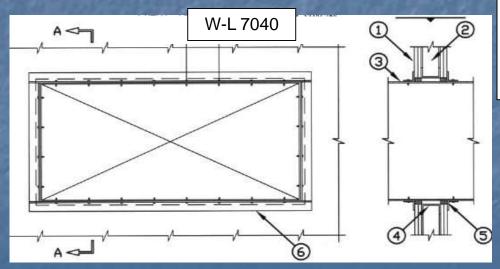
A fire stop sealant that will expand about 10 times when heated to seal materials that could have deformed & caused a hole when heated

FIRE STOP-Ducts

KEY CHECKS FOR DUCT FIRE STOPPING

- Fire stop material must completely encircle the duct.
- If insulated it must fill the annual space (typically 5/8" thick).
- If rectangular duct, framing must encircle the duct and angles installed all around, unless fire stop design shows otherwise

CAUTION: Many UL approved designs limit the physical size of the ductwork that they cover. Confirm that the actual size of duct is within the UL Design limits.



1.Gyp Brd Wall (2 hr shown)

2. Metal studs

3.Max 24"x48" rect duct, min 24g (no damper) max hole 1244si, 49"long; annular 1/4" to 1"

4. Metal stud framed opening

5.Min FS-1:5/8" for 1hr/1-1/4" for

2 hr; on both sides;

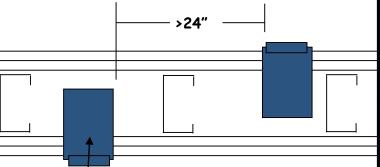
6.Steel angle(1-1/2" legs, 16g) on four sides; attached to duct (not wall) w/#8x3/4" screws



FIRE STOP-Pipes, Cables & Electrical

Elec Boxes in Rated Walls

Elec Boxes must be > 24" apart (unless using "putty pads); never acceptable back-to-back [IBC 711.3.2(3)]



Elec Boxes

- · Max 16 sq.inch box (2 gang) per 100 sq.inch for any 100 sq.ft of wall space [IBC 711.3.2]
- Max 100 sq.in./100 sq.ft.
- · Max 1/8" annular space

EASIEST TO FIRE STOP

KEY CHECKS FOR METAL PIPES

- 1. Fire stop material must completely encircle the pipe.
- 2. If there is an annular space the sealant must fill the space (typically 5/8" thick)

MOST FREQUENTLY CITED FIRE STOP

KEY CHECKS FOR CABLES

- a. Firestop seal must completely encircle the cable and must fill the annual space (typically 5/8" thick).
- b. There must be an annular space on 3 sides of the cable.
- c.Must have fewer than the max quantity of cables shown in the approved design, which is usually <50% fill of the hole/sleeve. (actual fill% = ~ half of visual fill %)

Handy Fire Stop Tips

- 1-Know <u>WHICH WALLS</u> Require Penetrations to be Fire Stopped (Use a Life Safety Plan; Doing all wastes time/money; inspector knows you don't know the rules)
- 2-Keep <u>COPIES</u> of all UL Designs Used in Bldg
- 3-Walls Must be Sealed on **BOTH** sides
- 4-Floors are typically Sealed on the <u>TOP</u> side
- 5-On Drywall, Seals are typically the <u>SAME</u> <u>THICKNESS</u> as the drywall (but confirm UL Design)

Handy Fire Stop Tips

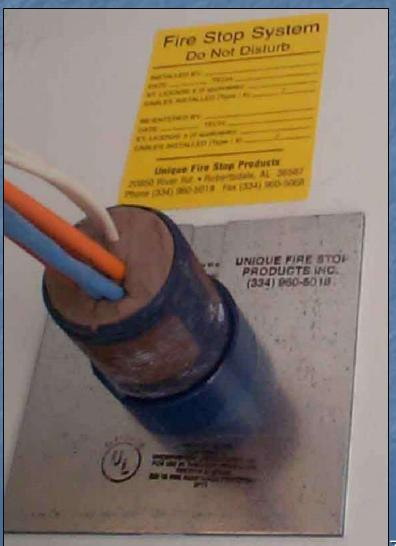
- 6-TOO MUCH SEALANT is an indication of poor installation
- 7-Check especially on the <u>TOP SIDE</u> of hard to reach ducts and pipes
- 8-DO NOT MIX fire stop products in the same penetrations ... it will void all
- 9-Ducts & Multiple Penetrations typically REQUIRE FRAMING around the penetrations

AGENDA

- A. Why Fire Stopping Is Important
- **B.** Code References
- **C. Life Safety Plans**
- **D. Fire Stop Products**
- **E.** Approved Design Installation Sheets
- **F. Installation Fundamentals**
- **G.** Labeling
- **H. Penetration Management Program**
- I. Installer Qualifications
 - J. Inspection Guidelines

NOT Mandatory

But GOOD
Citation Protection
&
Quality Control



Sealant
Companies
Typically Have
Labels





1	WARNI	NGI
	Firestopped Pen	etration
S	penetration has bee pecified Technologie pecSeal* Firestoppin	es Inc. (STI)
	DO NOT REN UL Classification in pecSeal® Firestopping	retrofitting, reseal with
Product Installed		
Date of Installation		
Installing Contractor Contractor Phone ()		
UL System#		
Z100-BM C0		Specified Technologies Inc. STI Transfer SNO-952-1180

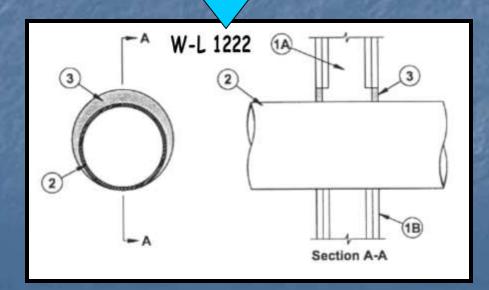
Recommend make your own on 2x4 Avery Labels



- Smaller to fit in tight spaces
- Customize to your needs
- Hand-Out with approved Fire Stop Permit

Items a Good Label should contain

FIRE STOP ID LABEL 1.Fire Permit # 2.UL Design # 3.Mfgr of Product 4.Product Name 5.Installer Name 6.Installer Co 7.Date Installed_



At each penetration WRITE the UL Design # of the UL system used for the seal

Knowing the numbering system, an inspector can tell if the UL number matches the situation



This is for a:

- WL (drywall wall)
- 1000 series (metal pipe)

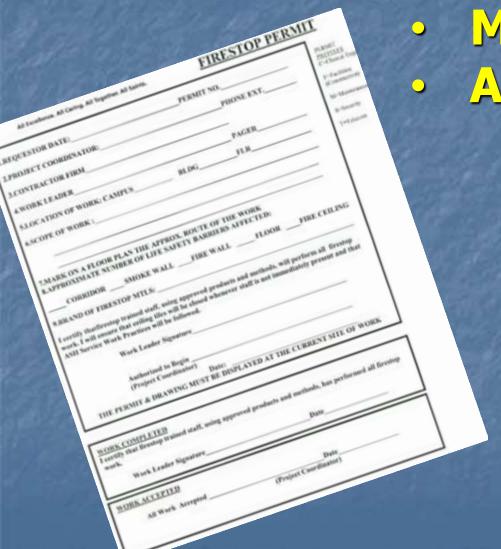
AGENDA

- A. Why Fire Stopping Is Important
- **B.** Code References
- **C. Life Safety Plans**
- **D. Fire Stop Products**
- **E. Approved Design Installation Sheets**
- F. Installation Fundamentals
- **G.** Labeling

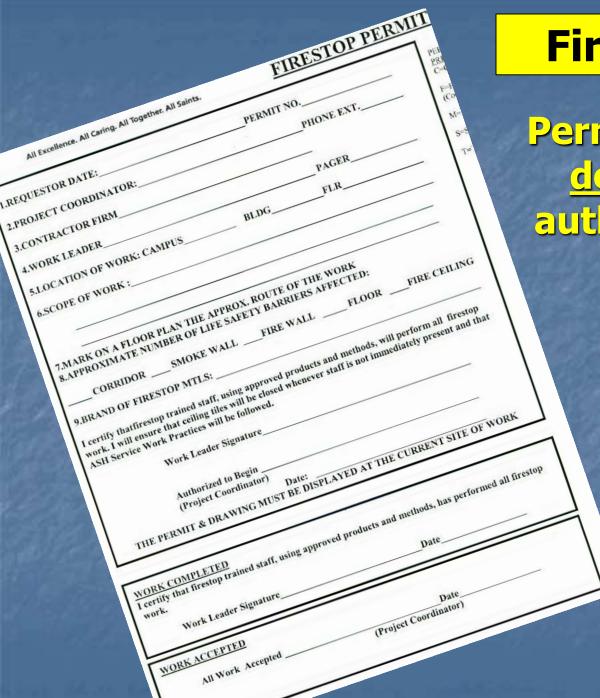
H. Barrier Management Program

- I. Installer Qualifications
- J. Inspection Guidelines

Barrier Management Program

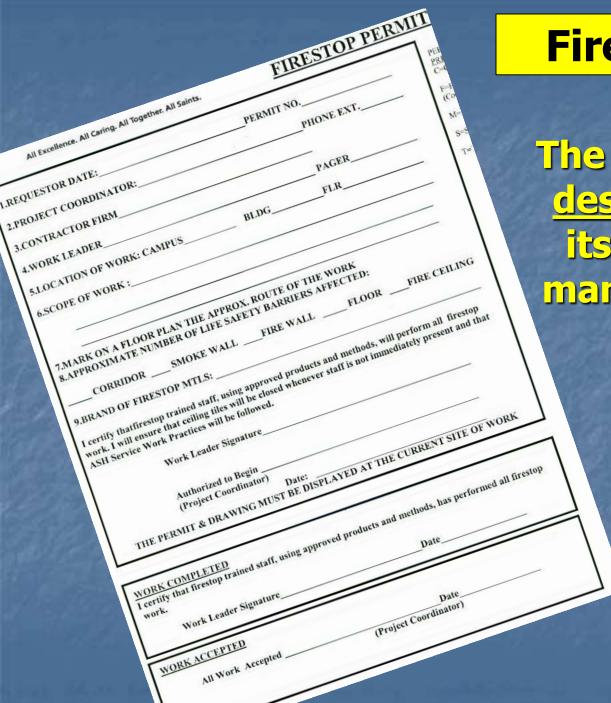


- Many FormatsAvailable On-Line
 - WALL PENETRATION / ABOVE CEILING WORK PERMIT Company Performing Work: Contractor Rep: stions you are required to Project Start Date: ised (e.g. HILTI), the date nstalling, and initials of the Completion Date: TE of each penetration. m to Mercy Health System Floors or Units Affected: Signature of Mercy Project Rep: oot be banging, supported by ng or sprinkler piping *THIS TAG MUST BE VISIBLE anot be resting on drop to all Mercy employees. RETURN PERMIT TO FMES WHEN PROJECT IS COMPLETE rations, such as multiple pipes and cable trays must be filled with appropriate fire suppression material. · Please notify Mercy Facilities if you find penetrations that are not caused by your work. See your Mercy Facilities Representative if you have questions.

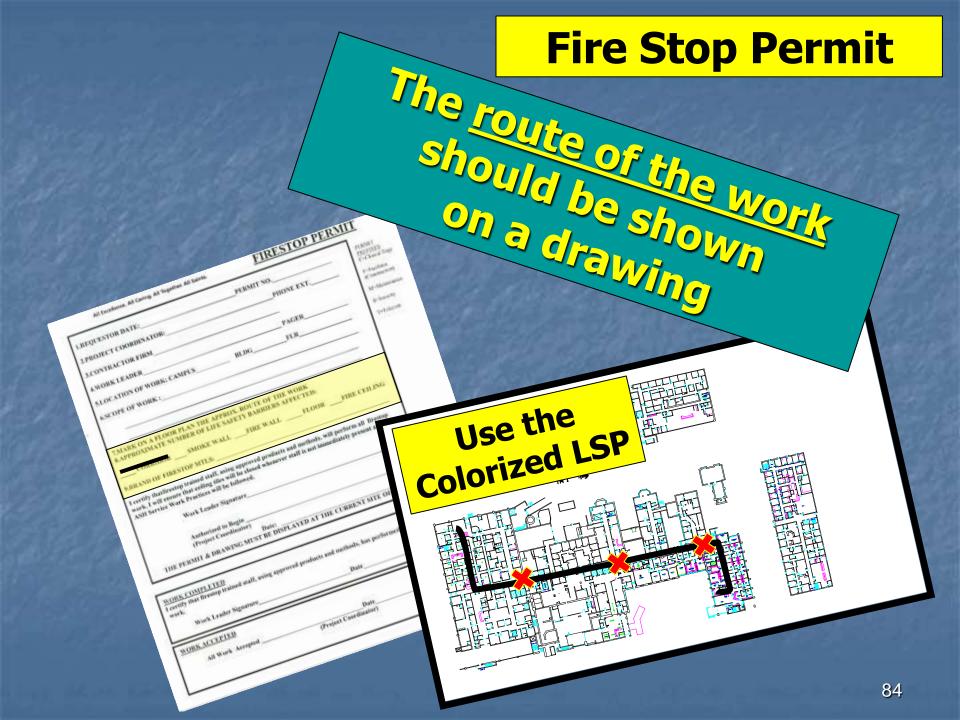


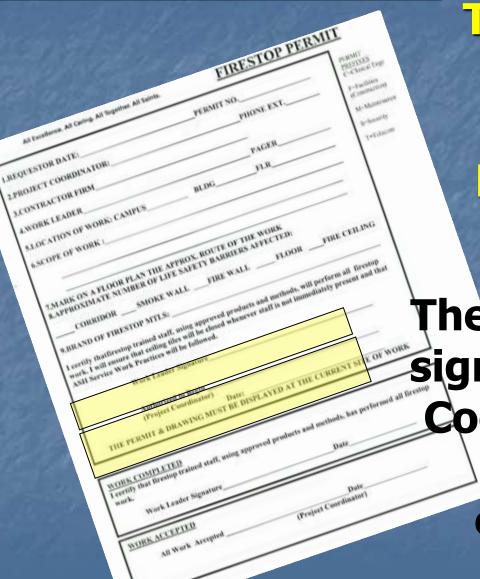
Permit issued by the department that authorized the work

- Telecom
- Info Systems
- Security
- Maintenance
- Clinical Engr
- Construction



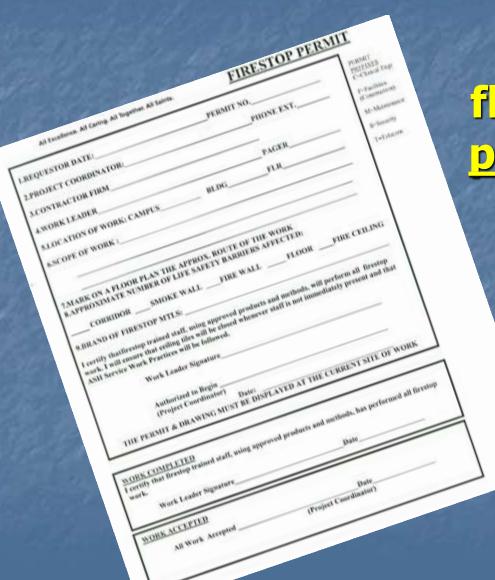
The Permit contains a description of work, its location & how many barriers will be affected



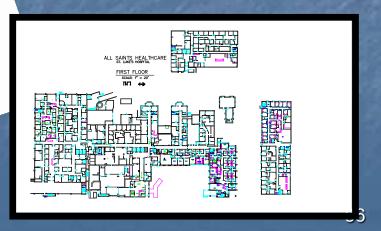


The permit should require that only trained persons perform fire stop work

The permit should be signed by the Project Coordinator & show the installer's company name



The permit and floor plan should be posted at the site of work



Remember to **CLOSE CEILING TILES**



 Before the ladder is moved

 Before leaving the site for any reason

Recommendations

Owner should have a Written Penetration & Above Ceiling WORK PERMIT SYSTEM

Owner should reserve the right to DESTRUCTIVELY TEST seals to ensure the installation complies with the UL design

Owner should specify

- the <u>PRODUCT USED</u> in their own facility,
- the <u>UL DESIGN SYSTEMS</u> to be used

Owner should mandate

 the use of <u>FIRE STOP</u> LABELS, provide the labels & Fill-in with <u>BLACK SHARPEE</u>

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FIRE STOP QUALITY CONTROL

... Use the correct people



Frequently
The newest trainee is handed a caulk gun & told to cover the holes, with little training

FIRE STOP QUALITY CONTROL

"Certification" is NOT Mandatory



Installers
should be trained to
ensure they know the UL
Installation Instructions

Destructively TEST seals until you are confident that an installer can do it right on a consistent basis (no charge for repairs)

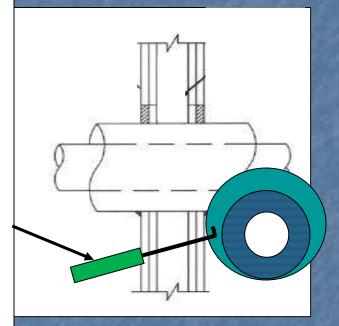
Destructively TEST seals

FIRE STOP QUALITY CONTROL

Inspector may use a "PICK" tool to test for the size & location of the annular ring and the thickness of the fire stop sealant.

- 1. Poke around the perimeter of the hole to confirm that there is an annular gap
- 2. Work the "Pick" through the fire stop material until it is on the other side.
- 3. Rotate the "Pick" so it lines up with the annual gap and pull it outward until it hits against the "inside" of the fire stop material.
- 4. Place your thumb and index finger on the shaft of the "Pick" up against the exposed side of the fire stop product.
- 5. Without moving your fingers on the shaft, work the "Pick" out of the fire stop and look at the distance between the hood end of the "Pick" and your fingers. This is the approx thickness of the fire stop. It must approx match the thickness shown on the UL design.
- 6. If the thickness is not with 1/8" of the required thickness the fire stop should be rejected and repaired.

Check a significant quantity of seals by each vender until they have proven the ability to install acceptable seals.



This method does NOT destroy a seal

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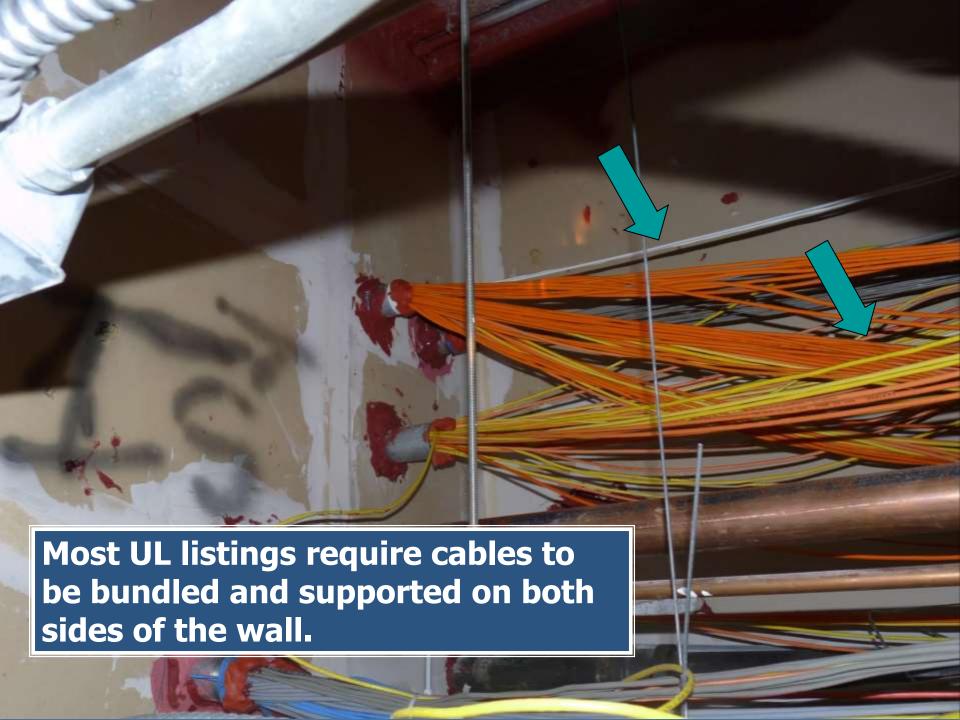
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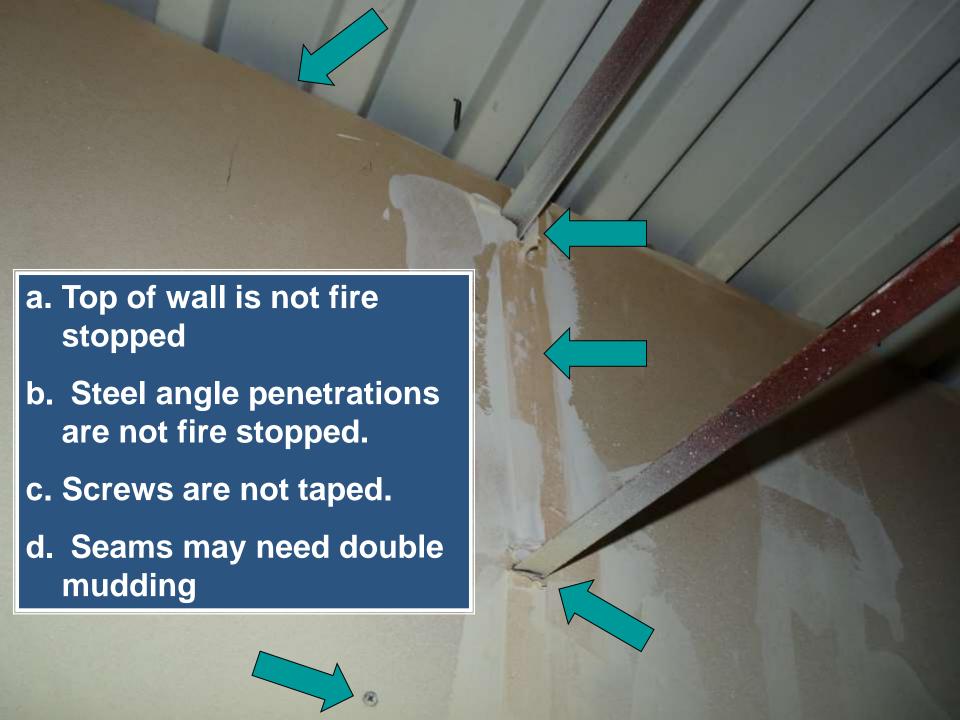


Can You Spot the Problem?

All Illustrated Walls are Rated

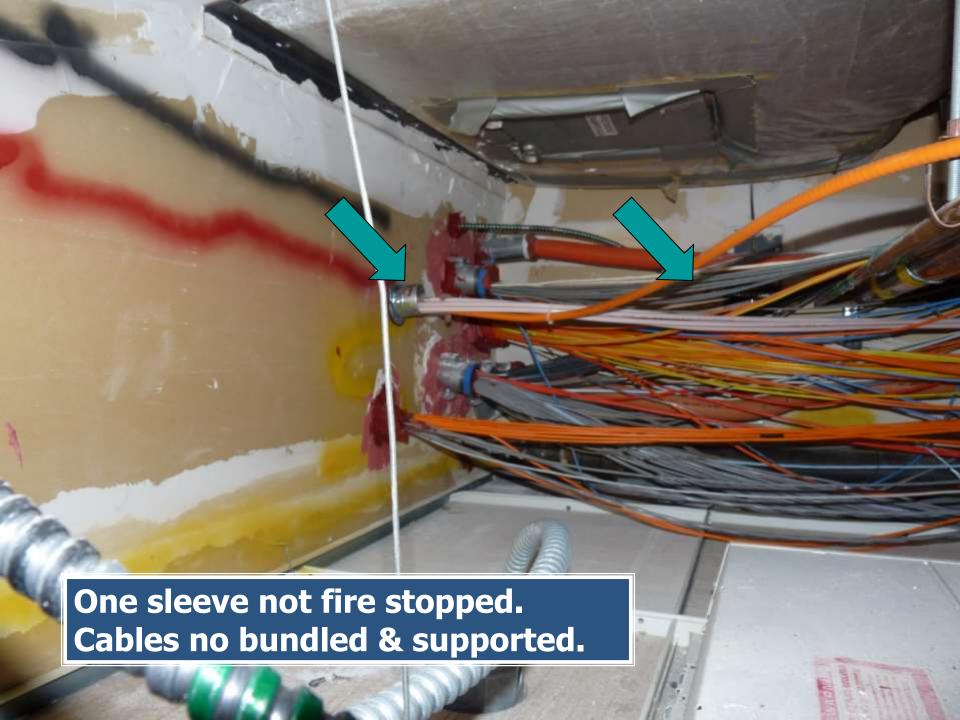






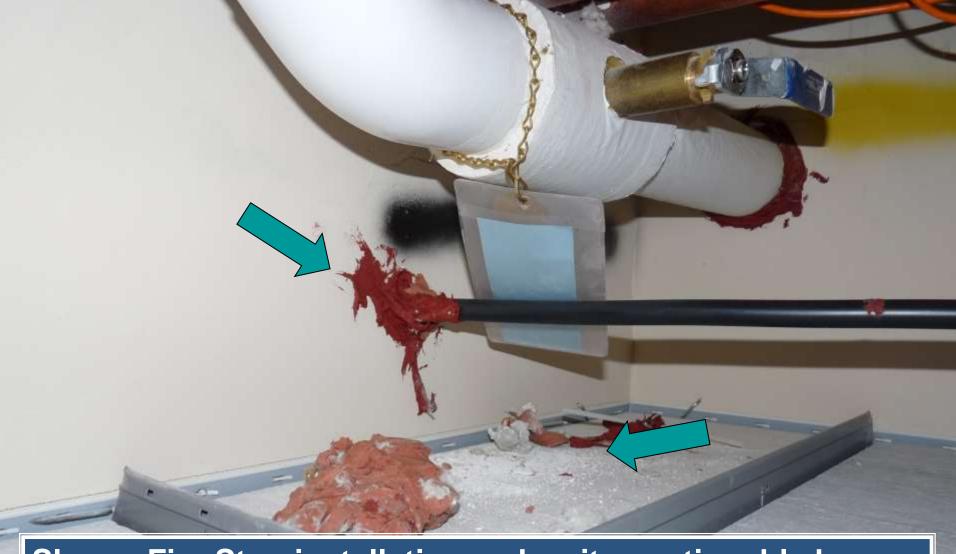




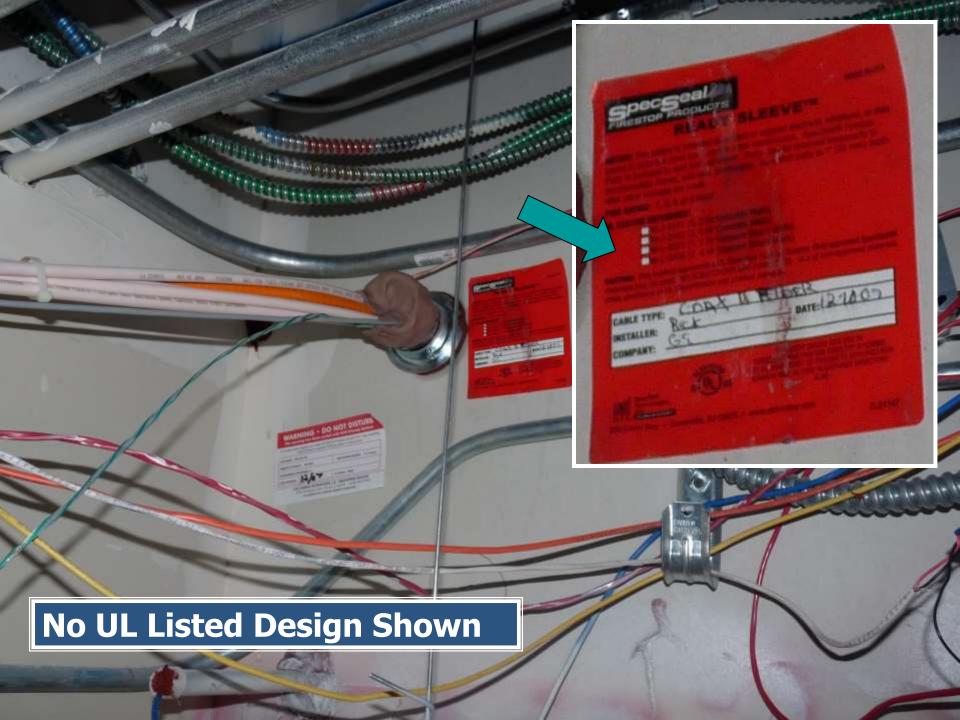


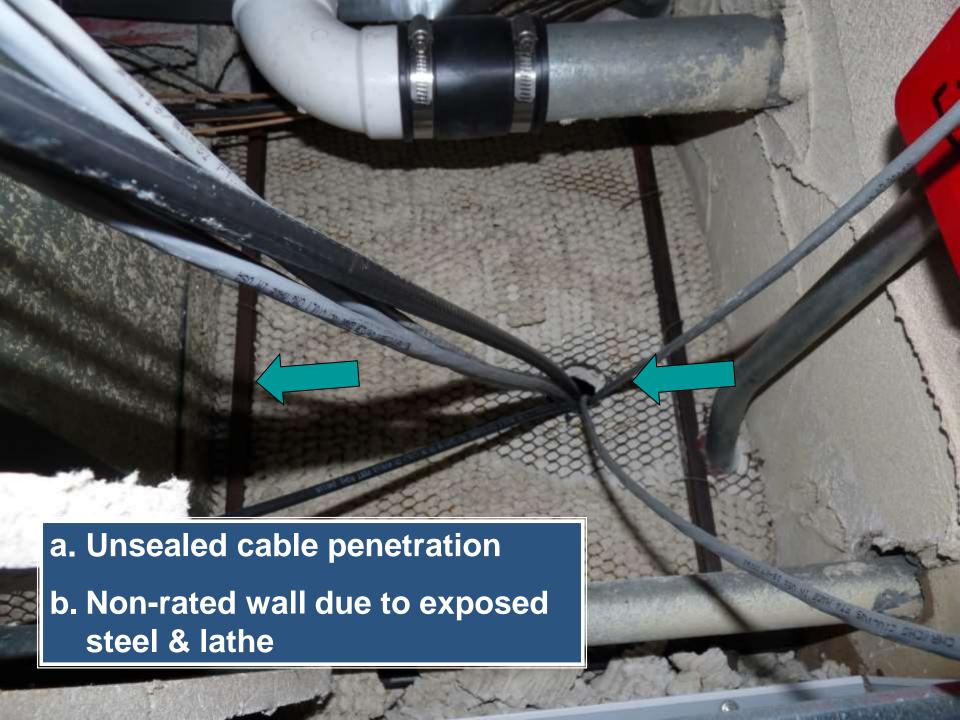






Sloppy Fire Stop installation makes it questionable how much is on the inside, where it counts. Note the Debris in the ceiling. An infection control requirement to provide a safe patient environment







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WISCONSIN HEALTHCARE ENGINEERING ASSOCIATION

Dedicated to Excellence in Healthcare Engineering

FIRE STOPPING

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