Room Pressurization and ICRA During Healthcare Construction Activities







## Presenters





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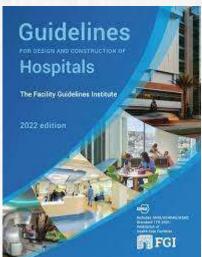
## Overview



- Room Pressure Relationships in Healthcare
  Construction
- Infection Control and Risk Assessment Planning
- ICRA Best Practices
- Healthcare Construction Barriers
- Hazard Containment
- Creating Pressure in Healthcare Construction
- Monitoring Airflow
- Documentation during Construction

## Healthcare Room Pressure Relationships

- FGI guidelines/ASHRAE 170
- Airflow from clean to dirty
- Test and balance readings before, during, and after construction





## 



- Why is it important?
- What is it?

### **ICRA 2.0**



### ICRA 1.0 Table 2 – Highest-risk Areas

- Any area caring for immunocompromised patients.
- Burn unit.
- Cardiac catheterization lab.
- · Central sterile supply.
- Intensive care units.
- Negative pressure isolation rooms.
- Oncology.
- Operating rooms, including C-section rooms.

#### ICRA 2.0 Table 2 – Highest-risk Areas

Procedural, invasive, sterile support and highly compromised patient care areas, such as:

- All transplant and intensive care units.
- All oncology units.
- Operating room theaters and restricted areas.
- Procedural suites.
- Pharmacy compounding.
- Sterile processing department clean side.
- Transfusion services.
- Dedicated isolation wards and units.
- Imaging suite invasive imaging.

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### ICRA





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## **Construction Barriers**



- Types of Barriers drywall, poly, modular
- What effect do they have on pressurization
- Why and when do you use certain types
- Anteroom for critical spaces
- Coordinate with Interim Life Safety (ILSM)

## **Construction Barriers**









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## ILSM



- What is ILSM?
- Who is responsible?
- Example Matrix/temporary path of egress

#### ILSM Assessment Matrix Pre-Construction

Reason for Assessment(Circle): Code Deficiency Construction Project Life Safety Disruption

Project Location: Central bldg - 2nd floor corridor / Phase 5A Expected Start Date: 11.15.22

Expected Completion Date: 12.2.22; revised: 12.15.22

Situation/Condition	Yes	No
Obstruction of Required Exit	X	
Taking a required fire alarm system, including initiation or notification devices, out of service for more than 4 hours in a 24-hour period		x
Taking a required fire suppression system out of service for more than 10 hours in a 24- hour period		x
Loss of Emergency Power		X
Lack of proper protection of hazardous areas		X
Major renovation of an occupied floor involving removal, changing or alteration of walls, ceilings, corridor doors, and/or medical gas, HVAC or utility systems		x
Lacking or breaching of smoke or fire barrier walls or fire-rated floor or ceiling assemblies		×
Large quantities of combustible materials, storage/use of flammable liquids or gases, or generation of large amounts of dust of debris		x
Significant ignition sources such as cutting or welding or use of temporary heating devices		x
Obstruction of fire department or other emergency access to the building		X
Major Life Safety Code deficiency: (Please specify):		X
Other factors: (please specify):		

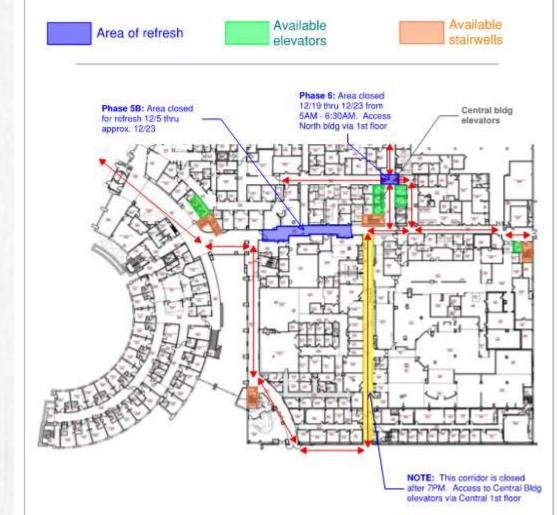
Note: Any <u>YES</u> answer signifies that Interim Life Safety Measures (ILSM) must be implemented. ILSM selected to ensure that minimum fire/life safety is maintained must be documented on a separate matrix or checklist.

Findings : [/] ILSM Required

[] ILSM are not necessary

Date of Assessment: 11.15.22 Assessment Completed by (name and title): Kelley Olson, Facilities Project Manager We're remodeling Thanks for your patience

#### Central Building - 2nd floor corridor refresh Phase 5B: Area closed 12/5 thru 12/23





# Pressure in Construction Areas

- Construction area under negative pressure
- Airborne dust control
- Need sealed ICRA barriers

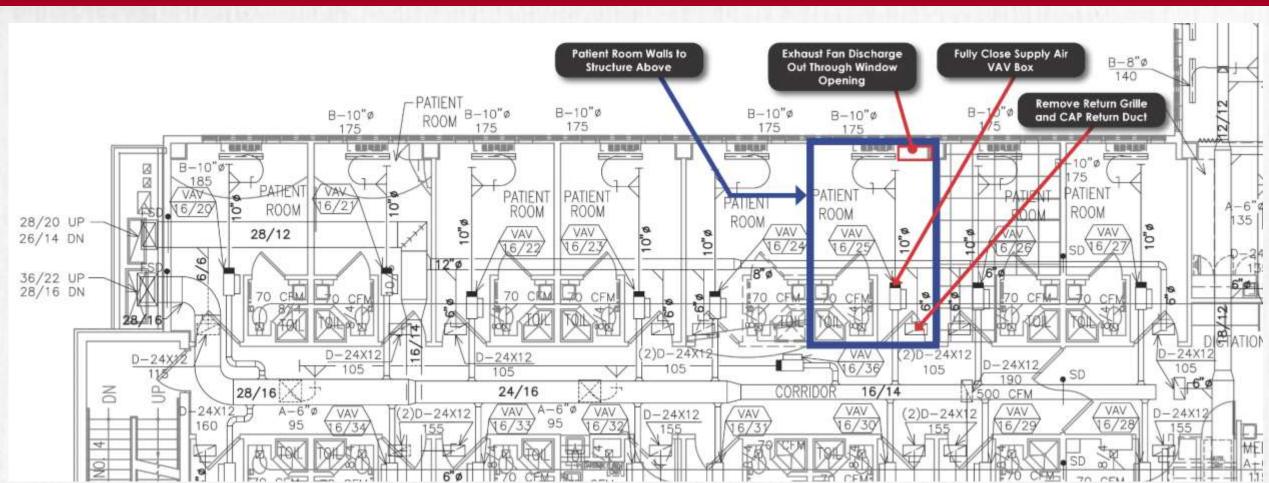


## Pressure in Construction Areas

- How to achieve negative pressure
  - Shut off/isolate existing HVAC systems
  - Exhaust fans to outside of hospital
  - HEPA Filter Fan Units with discharge to outside of hospital
  - HEPA Filter Fan Units with discharge to space outside of construction area

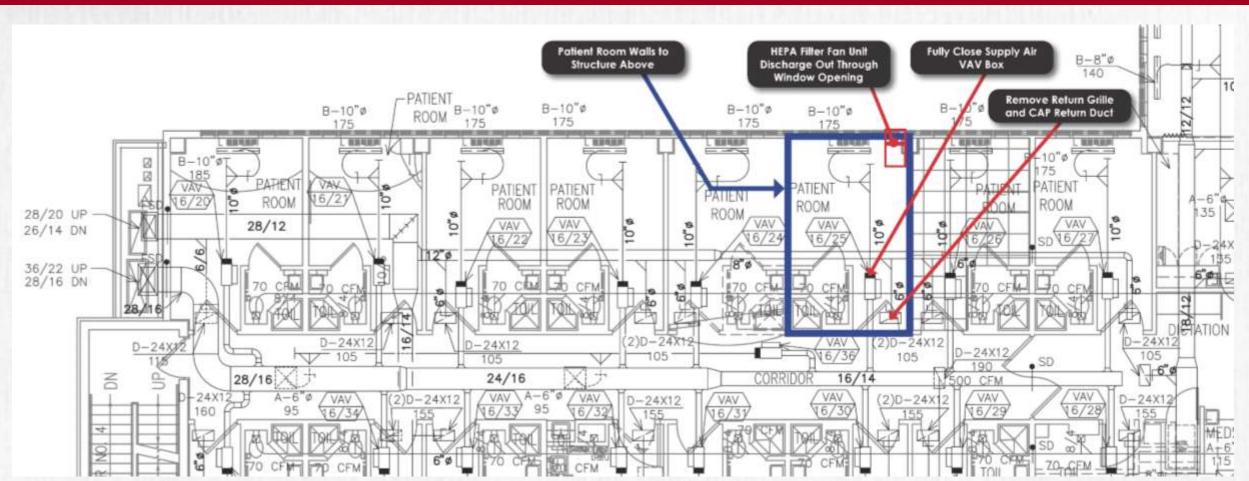


## **Exhaust Fan to Exterior**



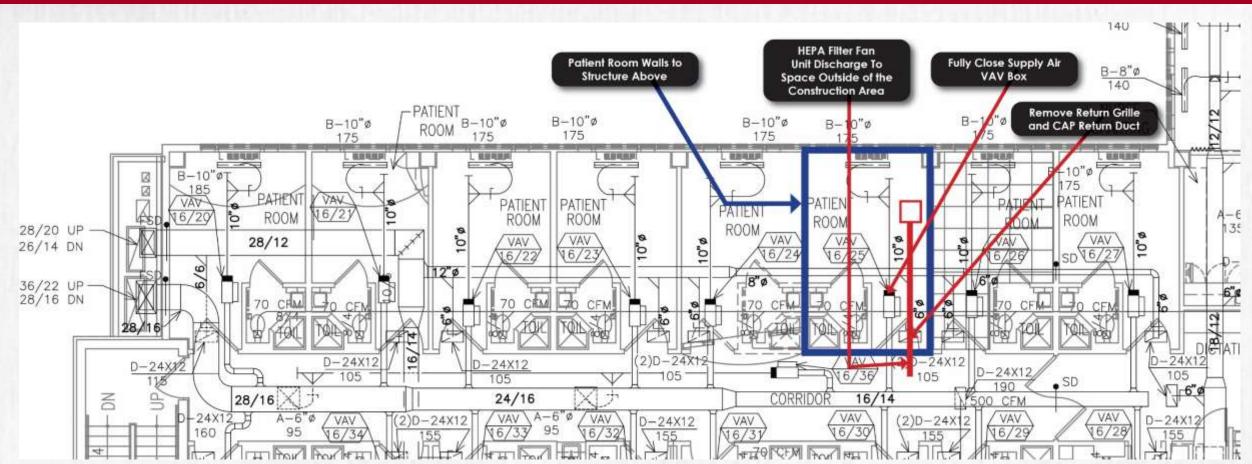


## **HEPA Filter Fan Unit to Exterior**



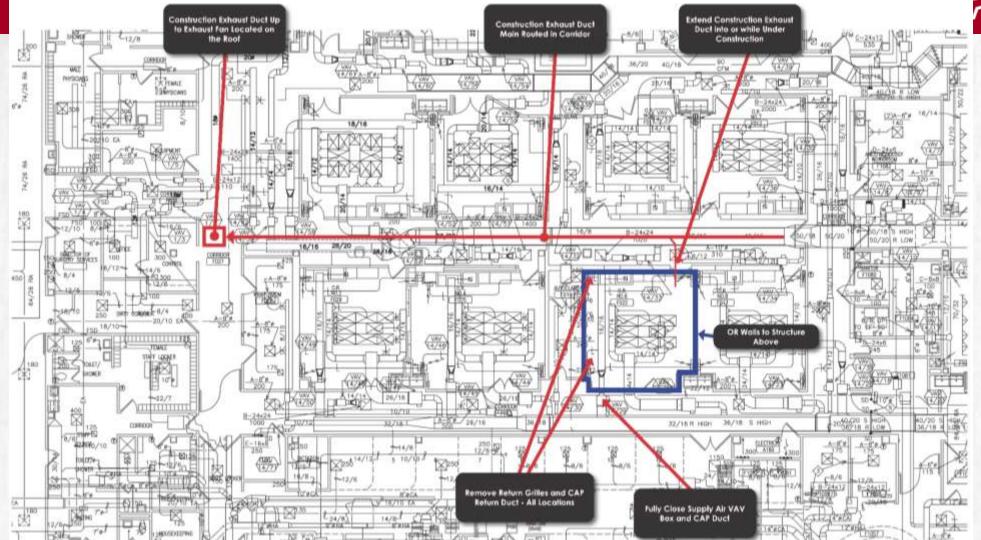


## HEPA Filter Fan Unit to Corridor



## **Interior Remodel**





## **Monitoring Pressure**



- How to monitor pressure in construction areas
- What tools are available
- Best Practices
- Documentation requirements











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#### **Construction Site Daily Monitoring Log** Life Safety and Infection Prevention

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_ TIME: \_\_Twice Daily\_\_\_\_SITE:\_\_\_\_

(Post in visible location / Site Supervisor Verifies Compliance)

		This p	project is	Class o	f Project is:	(circle/	/highlight one)	П	III, IV
т	N/A-								

ICRA	ICRA: Risk Assessment: This project is Class of Project is: (circle/highlight one) II III, IV						
Check	N/A-	ssessment. This project is class of troject is: (circle/inglinght one) if ingly					
Is	to this	The Following are Indicators & Standards Used to Monitor this					
Recorded Electronic	project	5					
Diccuonic		Site					
	Contact the Project Manager for Documentation Records, as needed.						
		Findings are electronically recorded X/X/XXX Life Safety / Safety / Infection Prevention					
		Personnel on-site are current with IP & Safety education/training					
		Personnel are wearing correct ID & PPE (personal protective equipment)					
		Signage is posted to caution patients/visitors & staff, as applicable					
		Personnel received instructions on fire reporting					
		Additional firefighting equipment is provided and staff are trained in use					
		All fire alarms/systems are working properly: per Life Safety & Safety Officer Or as otherwise determined by Life Safety/Safety Officer					
		All exists are free/unobstructed egress; including emergency services & marked					
		appropriately					
		Only non-combustible materials are used for construction / renovation					
		Construction materials are kept clean and free of contamination					
		Housekeeping standards are maintained to control potential debris hazards					
		Appropriate signage / way finding for re-routing is in place					
		Construction barriers are in place / secure & integrity maintained					
		Debris removal: Carts are covered for transport & proper route is followed					
		Negative pressure: Visual indicator(s) in place & relationships are maintained					
		Security is provided for increased hazard surveillance					
		After-Hours: All windows, doors, debris chutes to the outside are closed and secured					
		Additional Infection Prevention:					
		The On-Site Supervisor has read the ICRA & clarified any questions					
		Air supply & duct work are protected; e.g. capped					
		HEPA filter unit(s): are functioning properly / filters are working					
		Doors are kept closed and taped if unused and/or if acting as a barrier wall					
		Tacky mats are in place & changed at frequent intervals					
		Adjacent floors are kept clean / mopped- no visible tracking of dust					
		Special Notifications:					
		Breeches are reported to the Safety Officer/Project Manager &/or Maintenance					
	Management.						
	Project Manager or Facilities will notify Infection Prevention.						
Leadership is notified of any major impairments; impact to Life Safety &/or Patie							
	Additional Knowledge Considerations for the Project:						
	Adjacent occupants know who to contact for issues.						
		Construction area is free of visible signs of pests					

<b>Negative Airflow Measurements</b>	
AM: XXXX PM: XXXX	





- Lamiflow or ball in wall system is NOT acceptable per ICRA 2.0
- Poly barriers are best used only when work is less than 24 hours pending facilities approval.
- ICRA board should be utilized at every construction entrance
- Document negative air twice a day
- Use blue tape to show layout of barriers to show staff how space may be impacted









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#### Kraus-Anderson Construction Company HEPA Filter

Project:

Phase:

HEPA Unit Number:

HEPA Filters shall be checked twice daily.

Date	Time	Results	Initials	Filter Change









## Recap

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### **Questions and Follow-Up**



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